Guidelines for the Creation of the Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC) and Submission of Annual Quality Assurance Report (AQAR) in Accredited Institutions (Revised in October 2013)



राष्ट्रीय मूल्यांकन एवं प्रत्यायन परिषद्

विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग का स्वायत्त संस्थान

NATIONAL ASSESSMENT AND ACCREDITATION COUNCIL

An Autonomous Institution of the University Grants Commission P. O. Box. No. 1075, Opp: NLSIU, Nagarbhavi, Bangalore - 560 072 India

NAAC

VISION

To make quality the defining element of higher education in India through a combination of self and external quality evaluation, promotion and sustenance initiatives.

MISSION

- To arrange for periodic assessment and accreditation of institutions of higher education or units thereof, or specific academic programmes or projects;
- *∼* To stimulate the academic environment for promotion of quality of teaching-learning and research in higher education institutions;
- ← To undertake quality-related research studies, consultancy and training programmes, and
- ~ To collaborate with other stakeholders of higher education for quality evaluation, promotion and sustenance.

Value Framework

To promote the following core values among the HEIs of the country:

- > Contributing to National Development
- > Fostering Global Competencies among Students
- > Inculcating a Value System among Students
- ➤ Promoting the Use of Technology
- Quest for Excellence

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Guidelines for the Creation of the Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC) and Submission of Annual Quality Assurance Report (AQAR) in Accredited Institutions

Introduction

In pursuance of its Action Plan for performance evaluation, assessment and accreditation and quality up-gradation of institutions of higher education, the National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC), Bangalore proposes that every accredited institution should establish an Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC) as a post-accreditation quality sustenance measure. Since quality enhancement is a continuous process, the IQAC will become a part of the institution's system and work towards realisation of the goals of quality enhancement and sustenance. The prime task of the IQAC is to develop a system for conscious, consistent and catalytic improvement in the overall performance of institutions. For this, during the post-accreditation period, it will channelize all efforts and measures of the institution towards promoting its holistic academic excellence.

The guidelines provided in the following pages will guide and facilitate the institution in the creation and operation of the Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC). The work of the IQAC is the first step towards internalization and institutionalization of quality enhancement initiatives. Its success depends upon the sense of belongingness and participation it can inculcate in all the constituents of the institution. It will not be yet another hierarchical structure or a record-keeping exercise in the institution. It will be a facilitative and participative voluntary system/unit/organ of the institution. It has the potential to become a vehicle for ushering in quality enhancement by working out planned interventionist strategies to remove deficiencies and enhance quality like the "Quality Circles" in industries.

Objective

The primary aim of IQAC is

- To develop a system for conscious, consistent and catalytic action to improve the academic and administrative performance of the institution.
- To promote measures for institutional functioning towards quality enhancement through internalization of quality culture and institutionalization of best practices.

Strategies

IQAC shall evolve mechanisms and procedures for

- a) Ensuring timely, efficient and progressive performance of academic, administrative and financial tasks;
- b) The relevance and quality of academic and research programmes;

- c) Equitable access to and affordability of academic programmes for various sections of society;
- d) Optimization and integration of modern methods of teaching and learning;
- e) The credibility of evaluation procedures;
- f) Ensuring the adequacy, maintenance and proper allocation of support structure and services;
- g) Sharing of research findings and networking with other institutions in India and abroad.

Functions

Some of the functions expected of the IQAC are:

- a) Development and application of quality benchmarks/parameters for various academic and administrative activities of the institution;
- b) Facilitating the creation of a learner-centric environment conducive to quality education and faculty maturation to adopt the required knowledge and technology for participatory teaching and learning process;
- c) Arrangement for feedback response from students, parents and other stakeholders on quality-related institutional processes;
- d) Dissemination of information on various quality parameters of higher education;
- e) Organization of inter and intra institutional workshops, seminars on quality related themes and promotion of quality circles;
- f) Documentation of the various programmes/activities leading to quality improvement;
- g) Acting as a nodal agency of the Institution for coordinating quality-related activities, including adoption and dissemination of best practices;
- h) Development and maintenance of institutional database through MIS for the purpose of maintaining /enhancing the institutional quality;
- i) Development of Quality Culture in the institution;
- j) Preparation of the Annual Quality Assurance Report (AQAR) as per guidelines and parameters of NAAC, to be submitted to NAAC.

Benefits

IQAC will facilitate / contribute

- a) Ensure heightened level of clarity and focus in institutional functioning towards quality enhancement;
- b) Ensure internalization of the quality culture;
- b) Ensure enhancement and coordination among various activities of the institution and institutionalize all good practices;
- c) Provide a sound basis for decision-making to improve institutional functioning;
- d) Act as a dynamic system for quality changes in HEIs;

e) Build an organised methodology of documentation and internal communication.

Composition of the IQAC

IQAC may be constituted in every institution under the Chairmanship of the Head of the institution with heads of important academic and administrative units and a few teachers and a few distinguished educationists and representatives of local management and stakeholders.

The composition of the IQAC may be as follows:

- 1. Chairperson: Head of the Institution
- 2. A few senior administrative officers
- 3. Three to eight teachers
- 4. One member from the Management
- 5. One/two nominees from local society, Students and Alumni
- 6. One/two nominees from Employers /Industrialists/stakeholders
- 7. One of the senior teachers as the coordinator/Director of the IOAC

The composition of the IQAC will depend on the size and complexity of the institution. It helps the institutions in planning and monitoring. IQAC also gives stakeholders or beneficiaries a cross-sectional participation in the institution's quality enhancement activities. The guidelines given here are only indicative and will help the institutions for quality sustenance activities.

The membership of such nominated members shall be for a period of two years. The IQAC should meet at least once in every quarter. The quorum for the meeting shall be two-third of the total number of members. The agenda, minutes and Action Taken Reports are to be documented with official signatures and maintained electronically in a retrievable format.

It is necessary for the members of the IQAC to shoulder the responsibilities of generating and promoting awareness in the institution and to devote time for working out the procedural details. While selecting these members several precautions need to be taken. A few of them are listed below:

- It is advisable to choose persons from various backgrounds who have earned respect for integrity and excellence in their teaching and research. Moreover, they should be aware of the ground realities of the institutional environment. They should be known for their commitment to improving the quality of teaching and learning.
- It would be appropriate to choose as senior administrators, persons in charge of institutional services such as library, computer center, estate, student welfare, administration, academic tasks, examination and planning and development.
- The management representative should be a person who is aware of the institution's objectives, limitations and strengths and is committed to its improvement. The local

society representatives should be of high social standing and should have made significant contributions to society and in particular to education.

The role of coordinator

The role of the coordinator of the IQAC is crucial in ensuring the effective functioning of all the members. The coordinator of the IQAC may be a senior person with expertise in quality aspects. She/he may be a full-time functionary or, to start with, she/he may be a senior academic /administrator entrusted with the IQAC as an additional responsibility. Secretarial assistance may be facilitated by the administration. It is preferable that the coordinator may have sound knowledge about the computer, its various functions and usage for effective communication.

Operational Features of the IQAC

Quality assurance is a by-product of ongoing efforts to define the objectives of an institution, to have a work plan to achieve them and to specify the checks and balances to evaluate the degree to which each of the tasks is fulfilled. Hence devotion and commitment to improvement rather than mere institutional control is the basis for devising procedures and instruments for assuring quality. The right balance between the health and growth of an institution needs to be struck. The IQAC has to ensure that whatever is done in the institution for "education" is done efficiently and effectively with high standards. In order to do this, the IQAC will have to first establish procedures and modalities to collect data and information on various aspects of institutional functioning.

The coordinator of the IQAC and the secretary will have a major role in implementing these functions. The IQAC may derive major support from the already existing units and mechanisms that contribute to the functions listed above. The operational features and functions discussed so far are broad-based to facilitate institutions towards academic excellence and institutions may adapt them to their specific needs.

The institutions need to submit yearly the Annual Quality Assurance Report (AQAR) to NAAC. A functional Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC) and timely submission of Annual Quality Assurance Reports (AQARs) are the Minimum Institutional Requirements (MIR) to volunteer for second, third or subsequent cycle's accreditation. During the institutional visit the NAAC peer teams will interact with the IQACs to know the progress, functioning as well quality sustenance initiatives undertaken by them.

The Annual Quality Assurance Reports (AQAR) may be the part of the Annual Report. The AQAR shall be approved by the statutory bodies of the HEIs (such as Syndicate, Governing Council/Board) for the follow up action for necessary quality enhancement measures.

The Higher Education Institutions (HEI) shall submit the AQAR regularly to NAAC. The IQACs may create its exclusive window on its institutional website and regularly upload/ report on its activities, as well as for hosting the AQAR.

The NAAC Accredited institutions need to submit only the soft copy as word file (.doc/.docx) through e-mail (capuaqar@gmail.com). The file name needs to be submitted with Track ID of the institution and College Name or EC number. For example MHCOGN16601-Samudra Arts and Science College, Taliamegu-Maharashtra.doc or EC_32_A&A_143 dated 3-5-2004-Samudra Arts and Science College, Taliamegu-Maharashtra.doc. The Higher Education Institutions need not submit the printed/hard copy to NAAC. The acknowledgements would be sent to the institutions through e-mail.

The Annual Quality Assurance Report (AQAR) of the IQAC

All NAAC accredited institutions will submit an annual self-reviewed progress report to NAAC, through its IQAC. The report is to detail the tangible results achieved in key areas, specifically identified by the institutional IQAC at the beginning of the academic year. The AQAR will detail the results of the perspective plan worked out by the IQAC. (Note: The AQAR period would be the Academic Year. For example, July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2013)

Part – A

AQAR for the year (for example 2011-12)	2012-13
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I. Details of the Institution

1.1 Name of the Institution	Govt. Science and Commerce College, Benazir Bhopal
1.2 Address Line 1	Gokhle Hostel
Address Line 2	Jhangirabad
City/Town	Bhopal
State	M.P.
Pin Code	462008
Institution e-mail address	hegbsccbho@mp.gov.in
Contact Nos.	0755-2551837
Name of the Head of the Institution	Dr. Ragini Tiwari
Tel. No. with STD Code:	0755-2551837
Mobile:	9303113697
Name of the IQAC Co-ordinator:	Dr. Sudhanshudhar Dwivedi
Mobile:	9425007434
IQAC e-mail address:	Sudhanshu_dhar@gmail.com

1.3 NAAC Track ID (For ex. MHCO			GN 18879) MPCOGN12900			900
	OR					
(For Exar This EC r	ecutive Com mple EC/32/A no. is availabl astitution's Ac	&A/143 dai e in the rigl	ted 3-5-2004 at corner- b	4.	C/40/64; dt 17	.10.2006
5 Website a	address:		www.mp.	gov.in higher ed	ducation/Bena	zeer College
W	eb-link of th	ne AQAR:	http://w	ww.naac.gov.i	n/AQRC.asp	
	For ex. h	tp://www.	ladykeaned	college.edu.in/	AQAR2012-1	3.doc
6 Accredita	ation Details					
Sl. No.	Cycle	Grade	CGPA	Year of Accreditation	Validity Period	
1	1 st Cycle	В	7.04	2006	5 years	
2	2 nd Cycle					
3	3 rd Cycle					
4	4 th Cycle					
8 Details of cereditation i. AQAI ii. AQAI	by NAAC ((fa R R	year's AQA or example .	AR submitted			essment and (10-2011) YYY)4 YYY) YYY)
9 Institution					• `	,
University		S	State	✓ Central	Deemed	l Private [
Affiliated College			Yes 🗸	No [
Constituer	nt College	Ţ	Yes	No 🗸		
Autonomo	ous college of	UGC Y	Yes	No 🗸		
Regulatory	y Agency appi	roved Institu	ution	Yes N	lo ✓	

(eg. AICTE, BCI, MCI, PCI, NCI)			
Type of Institution Co-education	Men	Women	
Urban ✓	Rural	Tribal	
Financial Status Grant-in-aid	UGC 2(f	UGC 12B	✓
Grant-in-aid + Self Fin+a	ancing	Totally Self-financir	ng
1.10 Type of Faculty/Programme		_	
Arts ☐ Science ✓ Comme	erce 🗸	Law PEI (Phys Edu)
TEI (Edu) Engineering Hea	alth Science	Management	
Others (Specify)			
1.11 Name of the Affiliating University (for the Co	olleges) B	arkatullah University, Bh	opal
1.12 Special status conferred by Central/ State Gov	vernment UC	GC/CSIR/DST/DBT/ICMI	R etc
Autonomy by State/Central Govt. / University	NO		
University with Potential for Excellence	NO	UGC-CPE	NO
DST Star Scheme	NA	UGC-CE	NA
UGC-Special Assistance Programme	NA	DST-FIST	NA
Wag I i ba			
UGC-Innovative PG programmes	NA	Any other (Specify)	NA
UGC-COP Programmes	NA		

2. IQAC Composition and Activities	
21N 6T 1	04
2.1 No. of Teachers	
2.2 No. of Administrative/Technical staff	01
2.3 No. of students	NO
2.4 No. of Management representatives	NO
2.5 No. of Alumni	NO
2. 6 No. of any other stakeholder and	NO
community representatives	
2.7 No. of Employers/ Industrialists	NO
2.8 No. of other External Experts	NO
2.9 Total No. of members	04
2.10 No. of IQAC meetings held	02
2.11 No. of meetings with various stakeholders:	No Faculty 01
Non-Teaching Staff Students _ Al	umni 02 Others _
2.12 Has IQAC received any funding from UGC during	ng the year? Yes V No
If yes, mention the amount	
2.13 Seminars and Conferences (only quality related)	
(i) No. of Seminars/Conferences/ Workshops/Sy	mposia organized by the IQAC
Total Nos. NO International NO Na	tional NO State NO Institution Level NO
(ii) Themes	
2.14 Significant Activities and contributions made by	IQAC
Meetings were held with pr	incipal which were focused on various
activities. Development and application of	quality parameters was the main activity
Creation of a learner centric environment of	onducive to quality education was another
activity initiated by IQAC.	

2.15 Plan of Action by IQAC/Outcome

The plan of action chalked out by the IQAC in the beginning of the year towards quality enhancement and the outcome achieved by the end of the year

Plan of Action	Achievements
 Various parameters for academic and administrative activities of the institution were earmarked. Efficient and timely progressive performances of academic, administrative and financial tasks were also planned. Ensuring quality culture. Enhancement and co-ordination among various activities of the institution. Improvement in institutional functioning. Internal documentation. 	Most of the actions, planned were achieved successfully.

2.16 Wheth	er the AQAR v	was plac	ced in statuto	ry body	Yes	No	✓	
	Management [Syndicate		any other body			
Provide the details of the action taken								
				NO				

^{*} Attach the Academic Calendar of the year as Annexure.

Criterion - I

I. Curricular Aspects

1.1 Details about Academic Programmes

Level of the Programme	Number of existing Programmes	Number of programmes added during the year	Number of self-financing programmes	Number of value added / Career Oriented programmes
PhD	05	-	-	-
PG	05	-	-	-
UG	03	-	03	-
PG Diploma	-	-	-	-
Advanced Diploma	-	-	-	-
Diploma	-	-	-	-
Certificate	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-
Total	13	-	03	-
Interdisciplinary				
Innovative				

1.2 (i) Flexibility of the Curriculum: CBCS/Core/Elective option / Ope
--

(ii) Pattern of programmes:

Pattern	Number of programmes
Semester	06
Trimester	
Annual	

1.3 Feedback from stakeholders* Alumni Parents Employers Students (On all aspects)	_					
Mode of feedback : Online						
*Please provide an analysis of the feedback in the Annexure						
1.4 Whether there is any revision/update of regulation or syllabi, if yes, mention their salient aspects.						
Syllabus as prescribed by central board of studies is followed.						
1.5 Any new Department/Centre introduced during the year. If yes, give details.						

Criterion - II

2. Teaching, Learning and Evaluation

2.1 Total No. of	Total	tal Asst. Professors		Ass	Associate Professors		s P	Professors		ers	
permanent faculty	28	28 15 -					13				
2.2 No. of permanent facult	y with P	h.D.		24							
2.3 No. of Faculty Positions		Asst. Profes	ssors	Associa Profess		Profe	essors	Oth	ers	Total	
Recruited (R) and Vacant (Vacant (Vaca	v)	R	V	R	V	R	V	R	V	R	V
			02								
2.4 No. of Guest and Visitin	ng facult	y and	Tempo	orary facu	ılty	04					
2.5 Faculty participation in	conferer	nces ar	nd sym	posia:							
No. of Faculty		Inte	ernatio	nal level		N	lational l	evel		State	level
Attended Seminars/							10				
Presented papers							04				
Resource Persons											
2.6 Innovative processes ad	opted by	the ir	nstituti	on in Tea	ching	and Le	arning:				
Use of LCD was en	courage	d.									
2.7 Total No. of actual tead during this academic y	_	.ys		187							
2.8 Examination/ Evaluation the Institution (for example Double Valuation, Photos Phot	mple: O	pen B	ook Ex	xaminatio			_				
College is affiliated self.	d to Bar	katull	ah Uni	versity, a	as suc	h exam	ination	is co	ntrolled I	y uni	versity it
2.9 No. of faculty member Restructuring/revision as member of Board of	/syllabu	s deve	elopme	nt	Develo	pment	worksho	op	()2	

75%

2.10 Average percentage of attendance of students

2.11 Course/Programme wise

distribution of pass percentage:

Title of the Programme	Total no. of students	Division						
1 Togramme	appeared	Distinction %	I %	II %	III %	Pass %		
B.Com	164					77%		
B.Sc.	82					63%		
M.Com	20					50%		
M.Sc. Chem	14					57%		
Maths	21					52%		
Botany	14					100%		
Zoology	15					100%		

2.12 How does IQAC Contribute/Monitor/Evaluate the Teaching & Learning processes:

IQAC contributed significantly in teaching and learning processes by:

- Enhancing quality of education.
- Emphasis on modern methods of teaching and learning.
- More stress on the need based activities such as interaction between student/teacher and teacher/parent.

2.13 Initiatives undertaken towards faculty development

Faculty / Staff Development Programmes	Number of faculty benefitted
Refresher courses	01
UGC – Faculty Improvement Programme	
HRD programmes	
Orientation programmes	
Faculty exchange programme	
Staff training conducted by the university	01
Staff training conducted by other institutions	
Summer / Winter schools, Workshops, etc.	
Others	

2.14 Details of Administrative and Technical staff

Category	Number of Permanent Employees	Number of Vacant Positions	Number of permanent positions filled during the Year	Number of positions filled temporarily
Administrative Staff	12	-	-	-
Technical Staff	11	-	-	-

Criterion - III

3. Research, Consultancy and Extension

3.1 Initiatives of the IQAC in Sensitizing/Promoting Research Climate in the institution

IQAC took various initiatives to promote research climate in the institution. Teachers were encouraged to participate more actively in research related activities. Teachers attended various seminars/conferences to remain updated with recent happening. They also worked on different projects and published their research work in reputed journals.

3.2 Details regarding major projects

	Completed	Ongoing	Sanctioned	Submitted
Number		03	03	
Outlay in Rs. Lakhs		12 lakh	12 lakh	

3.3 Details regarding minor projects

	Completed	Ongoing	Sanctioned	Submitted
Number		02	02	
Outlay in Rs. Lakhs		03 lakh	03 lakh	

3.4 Details on research publications

	International	National	Others
Peer Review Journals	02		
Non-Peer Review Journals	29		
e-Journals			
Conference proceedings			

3.5 Details on Impact	factor of publications:			
Range	Average	h-index	Nos. in SCOPUS	
3.6 Research funds sar	nctioned and received fro	om various funding	g agencies, industry and	other organisation

Nature of the Project	Duration	Name of the	Total grant	Received
Nature of the Project	Year	funding Agency	sanctioned	
Major projects	03	UGC	1200000	1200000
Minor Projects	02	UGC	300000	300000
Interdisciplinary Projects				
Industry sponsored				
Projects sponsored by the				
University/ College				
Students research projects (other than compulsory by the University)	01 month	Self finance	Self finance	
Any other(Specify)				
Total			1500000	1500000

3.7 No. of books published i) With ISBN No		Chapters i	n Edited Bo	ooks 02	
ii) 3.8 No. of University Departm	Without ISBN ents receiving for					
UC	GC-SAP	CAS		DST-FIST		
DF	E	L		DBT Scher	me/funds	
3.9 For colleges Au	tonomy	CPE		DBT Star S	Scheme	
IN	SPIRE	CE		Any Other	(specify)	
3.10 Revenue generated through	gh consultancy					
3.11 No. of conferences	Level	International	National	State	University	College
organized by the	Number			01		
Institution	Sponsoring agencies			MPCST		
3.12 No. of faculty served as e 3.13 No. of collaborations	xperts, chairpers Interna		e persons National	_	Any other	-
3.14 No. of linkages created du	iring this year					
1. EPCO (Environme						
2. MPCST (Madhya P				•		
3. MPPCB (Madhya F		n Control Boar	rd).			
4. TCL (Tissue culture 5. PBRI (Pinnacle Bio	•	ch Instituto)				
5. FBM (Filliacie Bio						
3.15 Total budget for research	for current year	in lakhs:				_
From Funding agency UC	Fron	m Management	of Univers	sity/College		
Total 15	Lakhs					

3.16 No. of pa	atents received	this year	Type o	of Patent			Number	
			National		Applied			
					Granted	_		
			Internatio	nal –	Applied Granted	+		_
			_		Applied			
			Commerc	ialised –	Granted			
3.17 No. of res Of the in	search awards/ stitute in the y		ns receive	ed by faculty	and rese	earch fellov	vs	
Total	International	Nationa	l State	University	Dist	College		
			02					
3.18 No. of fac Who are P	culty from the h.D. Guides	Institution	14	ı	·		-	
	ts registered u	nder them	35	5				
3.19 No. of Ph	.D. awarded b	y faculty fr	om the Inst	titution	05			
3.20 No. of Re	esearch schola	rs receiving	the Fellow	ships (Newl	y enrolle	ed + existin —	g ones)	
J	RF 01	SRF		Project Fello	WS 01	Any	other	
3.21 No. of stu	idents Particip	ated in NSS	S events:					
				University 1	evel	O1 Stat	e level	01
				National lev	vel	Inte	rnational level	
3.22 No. of st	udents particip	oated in NC	C events:					
				University	level	Sta	te level	
				National le	vel	Inte	ernational leve	1
3.23 No. of Av	wards won in l	NSS:			_			
				University 1	evel	Stat	e level	
				National lev	vel	Inte	rnational level	
3.24 No.of Av	vards won in N	ICC:			<u> </u>			
				University 1	evel	_ Stat	e level	-
				National lev	/el	Inte	rnational level	
3.25 No. of Ex	tension activit	ties organiz	ed		_			
Univ	ersity forum		College fo	rum				
NCC		01	NSS	05]	Any othe	er 📗	

- 3.26 Major Activities during the year in the sphere of extension activities and Institutional Social Responsibility
- Under Vivekanand Carrier Guidance Cell, 28 days advance version of tally 09 was held.
- In another activity an awareness programme related to traffic rules and safely was organized under the aegis of Arrive and Alive organisation.
- A training programme of 21 days was organized on personality development by Computer
 Professional Academy
- One day seminar was also organized by the institution on job selection in banking field; job opportunity in IT and eco friendly idol making.

Criterion - IV

4. Infrastructure and Learning Resources

4.1 Details of increase in infrastructure facilities:

Facilities	Existing	Newly created	Source of	Total
			Fund	
Campus area	100X100	Common	P.H.E	
	sq m	room	Department	
Class rooms	10	-	-	
Laboratories	06	-	-	
Seminar Halls	02	-	-	
No. of important equipments purchased (≥	06	-	-	
1-0 lakh) during the current year.				
Value of the equipment purchased during	04	-	-	
the year (Rs. in Lakhs)				
Others		-	-	

4.2 Computerization of administration and library

05 computers were purchased for computerization of administrative department and library. (02 in office, 03 in library)

4.3 Library services:

	Existing		New	ly added	Total		
	No.	Value	No.	Value	No.	Value	
Text Books	19472	Rs 989151	7619	Rs 461350	27091	Rs 1450501	
Reference Books	1701	Rs 3334850					
e-Books							
Journals							
e-Journals							
Digital Database							
CD & Video							
Others (specify)							

4.4 Technology up gradation (overall)

	Total Computers	Computer Labs	Internet	Browsing Centres	Computer Centres	Office	Depart- ments	Others
Existing	31	02	03	01		01	08	23
Added								
Total								

4.5 Computer, Internet access, training to teachers and students and any other programme for technology Upgradation (Networking, e-Governance etc.)

Students were accessing internet facility in computer lab.					
mount anont on maintanance in labba					

16	A		~		:	1.1.1.	
4.0	Amount	spent (ш	maintenance	Ш	Takns	

i) ICT	-
ii) Campus Infrastructure and facilities	-
iii) Equipments	-
iv) Others	-
Total:	-

Criterion - V

5. Student Support and Progression

5.1 Contribution of IQAC in enhancing awareness about Student Support Services

IQAC has been making students aware regarding various support systems from time to time. Such support services were related to:

- Campus recruitments.
- Various types of merit scholarships.
- Scholarships for socially disadvantageous groups of students.
- Student grievances redressal.
- Establishment of sexual harassment cell.
- Development of counselling cell.
- Guidance to students through carrier guidance cell.
- Personality development.
- 5.2 Efforts made by the institution for tracking the progression

Extracurricular activities and other such activities that develop leadership qualities amongst the students contributed richly to their progression. Low dropout rate of students was observed. Prospects of their placement in various reputed companies increased. They were trained properly to face the new challenges.

5.3 (a) Total Number of students			UG	PG	Ph. D).	Ot	hers					
					•	945	147						
(ł	o) No. of s	tuden	ts ou	tside th	ne state	;	-		,			_	
						l							
	\ 					Γ		\neg					
((c) No. of ii	nterna	tiona	l stude	ents								
	3.6	No	_	%	***		No	%					
	Men	862	2 78	3.93	Wome	en	230	21.06					
				Last Yo	ear					Т	his Yea	ar	
	General	SC	ST	OBC	l	sically	Total	General	SC	ST	OBC	Physically	Total
						lenged						Challenged	
	385	159	31	423		. 64	997	441	189	34	428		1092
	Demand	ratio			Dr	opout %							
5.4 D	etails of s	tudent	supp	ort m	echanis	sm for co	oaching	for comp	etitiv	e exa	minati	ons (If any)	
	NET. SL	ET. er	ntrv i	n servi	ces an	d remed	lial class	ses were	orgar	nised	throu	ghout the y	ear
			-			ne UGC.						B	
						[7					
	No. of stu	udents	ben	eficiari	ies		-						
5.5 N	lo. of stude	ents q	ualifi	ed in t	hese ex	kaminati	ons						
Ŋ	NET			SET	/SLET] GA	TE		C	AT		
			_				_	<u> </u>			l		
I.	AS/IPS etc			Stat	e PSC		J UF	PSC		O	thers		
5 6 D	etails of s	tudent	COU	nsellin	o and c	eareer ou	idance						
J.U L	- Ctaris 01 S	iuucili	Cou	13011111	5 4114 6	arcer gu							
	_	-		_	-		-		_			ated to carr	ier
	counsell	ing w	as or	ganize	d. A se	eminar v	vas also	held rela	ted t	o IT a	warei	ness.	
N	lo. of stude	ente h	enefi	tted									
						80							
5.7 D	etails of c	ampu	s plac	cement									
				0	п сат	pus					Of	f Campus	
	Num	ber of	f	Nur	nber of	f Studen	ts N	Number of	f	Nun	nber o	f Students P	laced
	Organ Vis	ization sited	ns		Partici	pated	Stu	dents Plac	ced				
)1			10	0		25				_	
L								-					

5.8 Details of gender sensitization programmes

Gender sensitizing programmes were organized from time to time. Focus was laid on problems such as female foeticide, eve teasing and sexual harassment.

5.9 Stude	nts Activities									
5.9.1 No. of students participated in Sports, Games and other events										
	State/ University level 03 National le	evel 01	Interna	tional level						
	No. of students participated in cultural events									
	State/ University level National le	evel	Interna	tional level						
5.9.2	No. of medals /awards won by students in Spe	orts, Games and	l other e	events						
Sports:	State/ University level National le	evel 02	Interna	ational level						
Cultura	l: State/ University level National l	evel	Intern	ational level						
5.10 Schol	arships and Financial Support									
		Number o students		Amount						
	Financial support from institution									
	Financial support from government	584		Rs.21,44155/-						
	Financial support from other sources									
	Number of students who received International/ National recognitions									
5.11 Stud	dent organised / initiatives									
Fairs	: State/ University level National le	evel	Interna	ntional level						
Exhibition: State/ University level National level International level										
5.12 No. of social initiatives undertaken by the students										
5.13 Major	grievances of students (if any) redressed:									

Criterion - VI

6. Governance, Leadership and Management

- 6.1 State the Vision and Mission of the institution
 - 1. To plan input programmes for the development of staff.
 - 2. Regular interaction of students and teachers.
 - 3. Inculcating governance and leadership qualities amongst students.
 - 4. Initiating extensive participation of students in various intercollegiate festivals.
 - 5. Commendable performance of students in sports field.
- 6.2 Does the Institution has a management Information System

NO

6.3 Quality improvement strategies adopted by the institution for each of the following:

6.3.1 Curriculum Development

Curricular aspects form very important criterion in relation to the development of an educational institute. Regarding syllabus formulation, we only contribute by way of board of studies meetings only. However, regarding planning and implementation, the prescribed syllabus introduced by higher education is followed by way of planning of lessons by teachers. There is a provision for academic flexibility. Curriculum is enriched by regular trainings and tours.

6.3.2 Teaching and Learning

Teaching and learning go hand in hand. Teachers while teaching have to consider profile of various students, since they come from various backgrounds and have different I.Q. Emphasis is laid on various innovative methods of teaching Regular seminars and tests are conducted. Teacher quality is maintained by up - to - date training programmes.

6.3.3 Examination and Evaluation

Examination is planned by the university only. However, besides university examination we do evaluate students on the basis of CCE and project work. Student performance and learning out comes by way of results are duly appreciated.

6.3.4 Research and Development

Research and development go hand in hand. For promotion of research various projects were handled by teachers in their respective fields. Resources were mobilized for research by way of grants from various financial agencies. Facilities were provided to teachers for training programmes in other institutions. The research work was published in various reputed journals. Our future aim will be to promote consultancy and collaborations.

6.3.5	Library, ICT and physical infrastructure / instrumentation
	Library not computerized Area = 40X14 sq.feet Reading room = 01 Steel almirah = 50 photo copy machince = 01 Computer = 01 book case = 02 rackes = 01
6.3.6	Human Resource Management
	Its main role is to maximize employee performance, with the help of
	strategic objectives of employer. It is concerned with management of people, focussing
	on policies and systems. Various policies were earmarked which included filling of self
	appraisals by teachers , emphasis on refreshers, orientation programmes , sound
	financial management, committee formulations, leadership qualities, strategic
	developments through Ambassador Professors and internal quality assurance.
6.3.7	Faculty and Staff recruitment
	Only guest faculty was recruited.
6.3.8	Industry Interaction / Collaboration
	Students of 6 th semester and post graduation interacted with various industries in relation to their project work
6.3.9	Admission of Students
	There was centralised on line admission at both U.G. and P.G. level
6.4 W	elfare schemes for Teaching, Non-teaching staff and students
	Teachers invested in GIS. Non-teaching staff was encouraged to attend various
	training programmes related to office management. Students on the other hand were
	benefitted by various scholarship schemes. Further, the students were also benifitted
	by various schemes launched by Government viz., Pratibha kiran, gaon ki beti &
	Vikramaditya yojna.
6.5 To	otal corpus fund generated
6.6 W	hether annual financial audit has been done Yes ✓ No
6.7 W	hether Academic and Administrative Audit (AAA) has been done?

Audit Type		External	✓ Internal		
	Yes/No	Agency	Yes/No	Authority	
Academic	Yes	A.D. higher education	Yes	Principal	
Administrative	✓	AG, MP comprehensive activity by CA	✓	By teachers	

For UG Programmes	Yes	ı	No	-
For PG Programmes	Yes	-	No	-

6.9 What efforts are made by the University/ Autonomous College for Examination Reforms?

NA			

6.10 What efforts are made by the University to promote autonomy in the affiliated/constituent colleges?

81.6			
NA			

6.11 Activities and support from the Alumni Association

Alumini association of the college played a significant role for the overall development of the college by giving valuable suggestions.

6.12 Activities and support from the Parent – Teacher Association

Lot of support was generated from the activities of parent teacher association. The two meet on regular basis. There was healthy criticism. The problems pinpointed were solved on priority basis.

6.13 Development programmes for support staff

Support staff was encouraged to train themselves in various office management programmes. They were also given opportunity to update themselves in computer education.

6.14 Initiatives taken by the institution to make the campus eco-friendly

Eco friendly activities were performed by the N.S.S. students on regular basis. Such activities included:

- Activities related to plantation.
- Clean campus drive.
- Polythene free campus.
- Check on water logging

Criterion - VII

7. Innovations and Best Practices

- 7.1 Innovations introduced during this academic year which have created a positive impact on the Functioning of the institution. Give details.
 - 1. Emphasis on ethical lectures under the aegis of personality development cell.
 - 2. Energy conservation programmes.
- 7.2 Provide the Action Taken Report (ATR) based on the plan of action decided upon at the Beginning of the year

Eco friendly techniques were adopted and the celebrations of national programmes were organized with full enthusiasm. Further, academic excellence of the students was also taken care of.

7.3 Give two Best Practices of the institution (please see the format in the NAAC Self-study Manuals)

Best Practice no. 1

1. Title of the practice

Improving teaching and learning process

2. Goal

Principles of teaching / learning process are multi fold. The main goal of the practice was to raise curiosity of students in a particular topic. One more obvious gole was to encourage the students to questions and to increase the interaction in the class.

3. The context

Teaching / learning process is one of the major challenging issues. The teachers find it difficult to keep pace with learners. Further, rapid change in technology, has further aggreviated the problem and then keeping the students captivated throughout the lecture is another challenge. It becomes very imperative to provide variety of tools to the learner engaged in the learning process. The teaching and learning process is of immense importance for an institute. The institute has been training the teachers to enhance their teaching abilities. The learning imparted to the teachers is implemented in enhancing the learning experience of the learner.

4. The practice

The teaching / learning process begins with designing of a lecture plan by the teachers. The learners are made aware of such a plan in advance which facilitates them in learning in future. For continuous evaluation of students various assessment procedures such as group discussions, assignments, power point presentations and class test were conducted. Further, through various co-curricular activities the students channelized their knowledge into proper direction. Also, it may be mentioned here that in the teaching / learning process the students were free to share their views. The learner was not just a mute spectator but an apostle of knowledge.

5. Evidence of success

There has been qualitative evidence of success in this type of practice. The students decidedly could understand things in a better way. Such students showed improvement in their academic performance. Pass out students have done well. They are well placed and some of them have started their own enterprise by putting their learning into application. The students achieved holistic development besides academic excellence. Besides, this type of activity led to creating socially sensitive individuals.

6. Problems encountered and resources required

The major problems encountered in the said activity were non-availability of proper technology accessible to us. Further, discussions conducted sometimes are aim less which is mere wastage of time. Also, it sometime is visualized that the question posed by students is not to gain knowledge but to test the teacher's capacity. The students usually get easily distracted, hence deviating from their main objective. It was finally realized that to days teacher will have to play dual role of both educator and entertainer.

Financial resource is major constraint, which is continuously needed for improving teaching and learning process. The consistent non-availability of such a resource is a big handicap.

7. Notes

On the basis of academic calendar, time schedule for implementation of learning process was chalked down, which aids the facilitator and learner in understanding process, With the consistence guidance of Principal and the support from non-teaching staff, the aim was achieved.

Best practice – 2

1. Title of the practice

Kabaddi – a game of par excellence.

2. Goal

Kabaddi is primarily an Indian game and is probably 4000 years old. It is most popular in rural areas. It is lively activity which involves both skill and power. The game is very important in view of the fact that it is meant to develop self defence. Further, it is a response to attack, in which reflexes play a major role. The main goal to introduce such a game was that it is quite simple, inexpensive and does not require a massive playing area. Further, no expensive equipment is required. Of all these, the main aim was to get recognition in the game of kabbadi, as we wanted to realize kabbadi as the area of our strength.

3. The context

On account of very limited open space, the said game was chosen as it requires a small area, Being very popular amongst Indian, the game is being played with great enthusiasm and does not involve much resources in terms of play ground, specifications and equipment.

4. The practice

Kabbadi is known by various names viz, chedugudu or Hu-Tu-Tu (south). In eastern India it is called as Hadudu (Men) and chu-kit-kit (woman) while northern part of Indian name is kabbadi. Besides, India the sports is also popular in Nepal, Bangladesh, Sri-lanka, Japan and Pakishtan. The game involves 2 teams (12 players each), of which 7 are on court at a time and five in reserve. The game consists of two 20 minute halves with a break of 5 minutes. The kabaddi playing area is 12.50 mx 10m divided by a line into two halves. Sports officer is being supported by teaching staff so as to give moral boost to potential students to achieve excellence in kabaddi. During tournaments all the staff inspires and encourages the players to give their best so as to achieve the excellence and come up to expectation of the teachers. Further, despite limited resources, we willingly accept to organize the activity every year up to divisional level. Out going players are requested to share their experiences with the new incumbents to inculcate enthusiasm and confidence in them. Instead of paying cash allowance to the participants of the activity they are provided with refreshment in term of milk and other healthy food.

5. Evidence of success

Kabaddi as a sport has acquired immense success in our college for the last few years. We are being recognized by the activity. We have realized this game as our strength. The university has been recognizing this strength and spirit of ours and has been appreciating it. The most encouraging evidences of success is that the college has been continuously winning kabaddi tournament for the last five years at district level.

6. Problems encountered and resource required

Since the game does not require much resource, hence no problem. Further, no problem has been encountered so far as we have been getting potential students every year.

7. Notes (Optional)

Since we have been champions throughout we wish that our students get prestigious awards such as Arjun award and represent themselves at national level also.

7.4 Contribution to environmental awareness / protection

Environmental awareness is such a burning issue that one can not ignore it at any level. The extent of its importance is visualized by the fact that it is a part of curriculum. From time to time we have been discussing issues related to environment in the classroom.

7.5 W	/hether environmental audit was conducted?	Yes	No			
7.6 Aı	ny other relevant information the institution wi	shes to add.	. (for examp	le SWOT A	Analysis)	
		-				

8. Plans of institution for next year					
Maintenance of quality parameters, Emphasis on value based education.					
Name :- Dr. Kirti Jain	Name :- Dr. Vibha Shukla				
Signature of the Coordinator, IQAC	Signature of the Chairperson, IQAC				
**	**				

Annexure I

Abbreviations:

CAS - Career Advanced Scheme

CAT - Common Admission Test

CBCS - Choice Based Credit System

CE - Centre for Excellence

COP - Career Oriented Programme

CPE - College with Potential for Excellence

DPE - Department with Potential for Excellence

GATE - Graduate Aptitude Test

NET - National Eligibility Test

PEI - Physical Education Institution

SAP - Special Assistance Programme

SF - Self Financing

SLET - State Level Eligibility Test

TEI - Teacher Education Institution

UPE - University with Potential Excellence

UPSC - Union Public Service Commission
